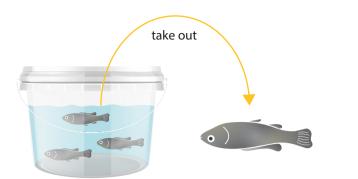
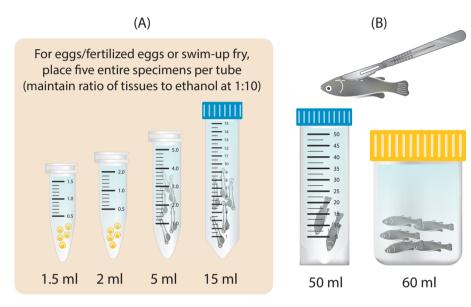
Quick fish sampling guide for disease diagnostics **Molecular diagnostics sampling guide**

Euthanize fish according to standard operating procedures.



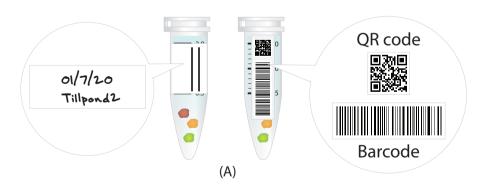
- 3a
- (A) For eggs, sperm, fertilized eggs and swim-up fry 1–2 cm long, use whole specimens without dissection.
- (B) For >2 cm fry, slice open abdomen with sterile scalpel blade, and keep entire fish for diagnostic.

Place (A) or (B) into 100% molecular grade ethanol (molecular diagnostic) or transport media (virology diagnostic).



Use appropriate tube size based on amount/volume of specimens needed

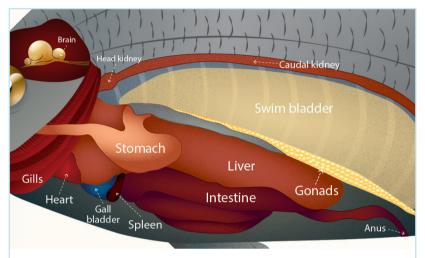
- (A) Label tubes using a solvent-resistant permanent marker pen or ideally using pre-printed barcodes.
- (B) Record all relevant sample details on the fish health examination and sample record form—i.e. date, species, weight, length, sex, tissues collected, clinical signs, etc.



Place fish on a clean surface and spray with 70% ethanol. Leave to dry for no more than 15–30 sec, otherwise you risk degrading the internal tissues.



For fish under >5 cm, make an incision to expose the **3**b abdominal cavity.







pool of liver, spleen, kidney, brain

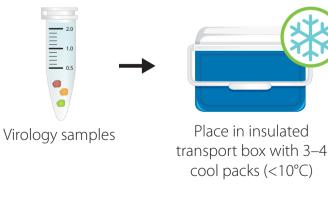
Place specimens in 95% ethanol (molecular) or transport media (virology) at a ratio of specimens to fixative of 1:10.

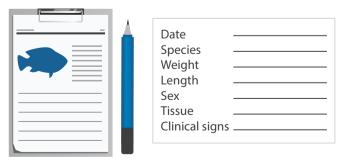




Molecular samples

Pack and transport to lab without cool packs









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