Husbandry Matters: How do we better embed husbandry practices into 3Rs (plus Reproducibility) delivery?

BRF Meeting 18th December 2023





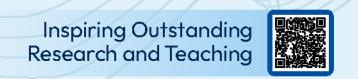
Talk Outline

> Husbandry Matters: Setting the scene

> What are the husbandry challenges in aquatic animal research?

> What are the solutions?

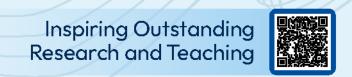




Husbandry Matters: Setting the Scene

- ➤ Good husbandry underpins good welfare which leads to good science
- ➤ Control welfare outcomes through careful management of husbandry and animal 'experience'
- > Husbandry related variables within experiments contribute to reproducibility crisis
 - **≻** Provenance
 - ➤ Life stage, sex, social housing
 - ➤ Tank size and shape
 - **≻** Noise
 - ➤ Handling

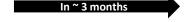




Diet

- > Impacts growth, development, performance, microbiome.........
- Wide range of diets used in fish and rodent facilities
 - ➤ Nutrition-associated variability decreased with standardised reference and open formulated diets (Watts et al., 2012)

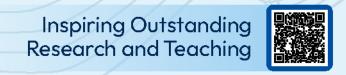






> Seizure susceptibility and growth differed in mice on different diets (Westmark et al., 2022)





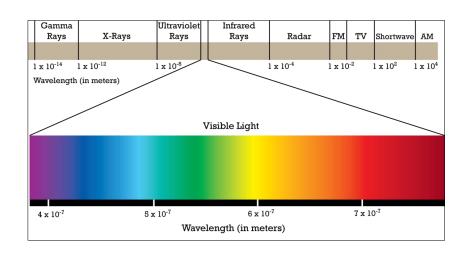
Disease

- ➤ Health monitoring is essential for identifying the presence of infectious agents that might confound animal research (Livingston 2003)
- Microsporidium *Pseudoloma neurophilia* in zebrafish facilities
 - ➤ Alters zebrafish response to neurobehavioural tests
 - Caution is warranted in interpreting zebrafish behaviour (Midttun et al., 2020)
- > Rodent viral infections impact research results (Livingston 2003)
 - ➤ "Cleaner is not always better" microbiome composition affects disease phenotypes and research data (Buchheister & Bleich 2021)



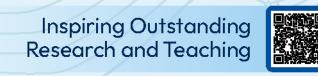
Lighting

➤ Influences physiology and behaviour of most lab animals



- Impacts hatching, growth, development, spawning and behaviour in zebrafish
- Disrupt circadian rhythms of rodents, prompts changes in the timing of their movements, food intake and impacts anxiety-like behaviours (Villamizar et al., 2014; Engeszer et al., 2004; Meier et al., 2018; Suboski et al., 1990; Emmer et al., 2018; Fernandez et al., 2023)





Environmental Enrichment

- > Enrichment increases forebrain cell proliferation in zebrafish
- > Rearing environment affects brain size in guppies
- ➤ Enrichment delays onset of neurodegeneration in mouse model of AD (Berardi 2007)
- > Enrichment can lead to new areas of scientific enquiry (Bayne 2018)
- ➤ Mouse enrichment may provide conflicting outcomes (health, welfare, variability in data)
- > **But**, Opinion trending toward acknowledging enrichment normalizes data outcomes



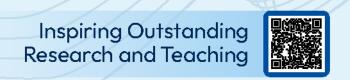




Challenge 1

- ➤ We need a detailed understanding of the study species (line) such that we can provide appropriate husbandry for its care and welfare
 - > Limited information to a few commonly used species
 - > PPLs provide almost no useful husbandry information
 - > HO legislation provides no husbandry information for fish
 - Regulatory guidelines are not comprehensive/accurate to species level
 - Few studies report husbandry information in enough detail to ensure lessons learnt





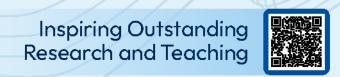
Challenge 2

- ➤ Science and husbandry conflict
 - > Experimental settings at odds with husbandry



- > Practical considerations
 - > Availability/cost of chemical in (eco)toxicology testing
 - > Lack of technology, budget, facility space and available 'hands'
- >Adds another level of complication/nuance of husbandry expertise
 - > Factor in mitigation steps

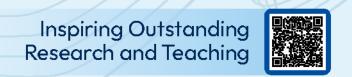




Challenge 3

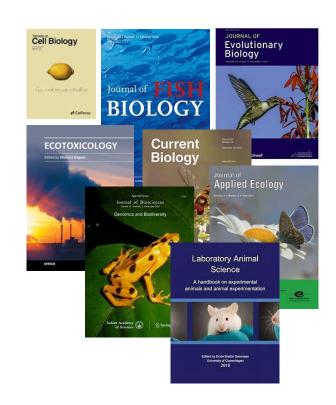
- Time pressure: funding, studentship deadline, research delivery, pressure to publish, lead-in time to plan animal study
- ➤ Disproportionate amount of time needs investing in animal studies?
- ➤ Practicalities of providing a reliable source of animals
- > Required to develop new husbandry practices for newly kept species
- >Time for training and competence assessment
- > Husbandry is the last thing to be considered!





The Solutions

- > ARRIVE Guidelines (Animal Research: Reporting of In Vivo Experiments)
 - >Improved reporting of published research
 - ≥20 categories for validity and reproducibility
- ➤ PREPARE Guidelines (Planning Research and Experimental Procedures on Animals)
 - ➤ Quality, reproducibility and translation of animal studies
 - ➤ Dialogue between scientists and animal facility
 - ≥15 categories for validity and reproducibility







The Solutions



BIOLOGICAL SERVICES UNITS STUDY REQUEST FORM Page 1 This form must be completed prior to animals being ordered/or a study starting and sent to NACWOS@exeter.ac.uk			
Cells in grey are for Animal Unit Management to complete after form received.			
BSU SRF Ref Number		(Reviewing BSU Manager to allocate)	
Study Title/ Reference			
Faculty/ Department/ Institute			
COST CODE (for animal Purchase Order)		COST CODE (for BSU husbandry charges)	
BSU Facility where work will take place:			
☐ LSI BSU	☐ Hatherly BSU	☐ GP BSU	☐ MRC BSU
APPROVALS (Must be co	mpleted before study comm	ences)	



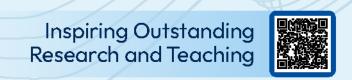
Inspiring Outstanding Research and Teaching



The Solutions

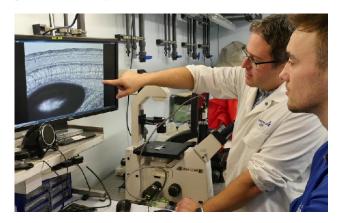
- > Detailed reporting of experimental variables at the University of Exeter
 - > Without which we are limited to individual experience
 - > Lessons learnt come from publishing and accurate record keeping
- > Community
 - > Better engagement between researchers and animal care staff will make this work
 - > Be aware of the time needed to get these aspects right before studies start
 - > Understand the limits of facilities and teams
- Championing our own strategy?





The Solutions

- > Better engagement between science and husbandry
 - > Identify ongoing research that can help address husbandry questions
 - > Specific husbandry requirements should be factored into grants/pilot studies
- Approach we should take when developing:
 - > Husbandry protocols
 - ➤ Procedure policies
 - > Best welfare practices





Conclusions

- To ensure best husbandry procedures, high welfare practices, and reliable and consistent experimental data we need:
 - > Time to prepare for animal studies
 - >Time to carry out animal studies
 - > Time to publish husbandry details according to ARRIVE/PREPARE guidelines



